

WGS84). 13 July 2010. Jeffrey G. Davis and Paul J. Krusling. Verified by John W. Ferner. Cincinnati Museum Center Herpetological Photodocumentation Collection (CMC HP 5259). New county record (Wynn and Moody 2006. Ohio Turtle, Lizard and Snake Atlas. Ohio Biol. Surv. Misc. Contr. No. 10. iv + 81 pp.). Adult and sub-adult basking on emergent log.

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**MESOCLEMMYS GIBBA**. BRAZIL: PARÁ: MUNICIPALITY OF PARAUPEBAS: Alto dos Carajás (ca. 6.03°S, 50.29°W; datum SAD 69). 16 March 2009. D. F. M. Victor. Museu Nacional / UFRJ, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil (MNRJ 18105–18108). Verified by U. Caramaschi. This new record is located with the Amazonia biome. The species was previously recorded in Venezuela, Guiana, Suriname, French Guiana, Colombia, Ecuador, and Peru, and in a few localities in the states of Roraima, Amazonas, Acre, and Pará in Brazil (Bour and Pauler 1987. *Mesogee* 47:3–23; Mittermeier et al. 1978. *Herpetologica* 34:93–100; Schneider et al. 2009. *Herpetol. Rev.* 40:236). This new record extends the known geographic distribution of the species about 480 km S of Corcovado, Breves, Pará, the nearest previously reported population (Mittermeier et al., *op. cit.*).

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**PSEUDEMYS CONCINNA CONCINNA** (Eastern River Cooter). USA: ALABAMA: CRENSHAW Co.: Patsaliga Creek at U.S. Hwy 331 N of Luverne (31.72469°N, 86.27813°W). 12 September 2010. Collected by Sean Graham, David W. Hunt, Lindsay V. Adams, and Nicholas C. Craig. Verified by Craig Guyer. AHAP-D 272–273. New county record (Mount 1975. *The Reptiles and Amphibians of Alabama*. Univ. Alabama Press, Tuscaloosa. 287 pp.). We thank Sean Graham for helping us collect the specimen on our field trip.

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**TERRAPENE CAROLINA** (Eastern Box Turtle). USA: GEORGIA: BALDWIN Co.: approximately 0.5 km W of Oconee River (33.046236°N, 83.203739°W; WGS84). 01 September 2010. Houston C. Chandler and Dennis Parmley. Florida Museum of Natural History photo voucher (UF 162271). Verified by John B. Jensen. New county record, but within expected range (Jensen et al. 2008. *Amphibians and Reptiles of Georgia*. University of Georgia Press, Athens. 575 pp.). Single adult male found on forest floor of mixed pine-deciduous forest along Oconee River floodplain.

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**TERRAPENE CAROLINA** (Eastern Box Turtle). USA: INDIANA: DEARBORN Co.: Lubbe Nature Preserve (38.99411°N, 85.11732°W; NAD 83). 12 June 2010. Illinois Natural History Survey (INHS 2010m). JENNINGS Co.: Calli Nature Preserve (39.00311°N, 85.60933°W; NAD 83). 13 July 2010. (INHS 2010m). Both specimens collected by Sarabeth Klueh, Jason Mirtl, and Tim Shier,

and verified by Chris Phillips. New county records (Minton 2001. *Amphibians and Reptiles of Indiana*. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., revised. Indiana Academy of Science. vii + 404 pp.).

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**TRACHEMYS SCRIPTA ELEGANS** (Red-eared Slider). TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS: Providenciales: leeward highway near golf course (21.798°N, 72.160°W; WGS84), 10 m elev. 1 October 2009. Brian M. Riggs. Verified by Brian T. Miller. Color photo voucher (APSU 19021). First record from Turks and Caicos Islands (Henderson and Powell. 2009. *Natural History of West Indian Reptiles and Amphibians*. Univ. Florida Press Florida, Gainesville. xvii + 495 pp.; Schwartz and Henderson 1991. *Amphibians and Reptiles of the West Indies: Descriptions, Distributions, and Natural History*. Univ. Florida Press, Gainesville. xvi + 720 pp.).

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#### SQUAMATA — LIZARDS

**ANOLIS EQUESTRIS** (Knight Anole). Turks and Caicos Islands: Providenciales: Grace Bay (21.7874°N, 72.1965°W; WGS84), 7 m elev. 29 April 2009. Brian M. Riggs. Verified by A.C. Echternacht. Color photo vouchers (APSU 19025, 19026). First record from the Turks and Caicos Islands (Schwartz and Henderson, 1991, *Amphibians and Reptiles of the West Indies: Descriptions, Distributions, and Natural History*. Univ. Florida Press, Gainesville. xvi + 720 pp.; Henderson and Powell. 2009. *Natural History of West Indian Reptiles and Amphibians*. Univ. Florida Press, Gainesville. xvii + 495 pp.).

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**ANOLIS (NOROPS) SAGREI** (Brown Anole). USA: LOUISIANA: ST. TAMMANY PARISH: Slidell, Garden Spot Nursery, 770 Robert Boulevard (30.29543°N, 89.76388°W; WGS84). 11 August 2010. C. Thawley. Verified by Kenneth L. Krysko. AUM AHAP-D 297 (digital photograph). New parish record (Dundee and Rossman 1989. *The Amphibians and Reptiles of Louisiana*. Louisiana State University Press, Baton Rouge. 300 pp.). Adult, captured by hand. Observed in a plant nursery with other adults and juveniles, suggesting presence of breeding population. Corroborates earlier reports that nursery transport is an important vector for invasive *A. sagrei* in Louisiana and elsewhere (Steffen and Birkhead 2007. *Herpetol. Rev.* 38:353; Williams and Comeaux 2008. *Herpetol. Rev.* 39:366). *Anolis sagrei* has been recorded from six other parishes across southern Louisiana (Meshaka et al. 2009. *J. Kansas Herpetol.* 32:13–16); the nearest locality is 47 km SW in Orleans Parish (Boundy et al. 2004. *Herpetol. Rev.* 35:194–196). This new record

is only 11 km W of the Mississippi state line, but 304 km W of the nearest easterly locality in Fort Walton Beach, Florida (Bishop 2005. *Herpetol. Rev.* 36:336).

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**CELESTUS BIVITATUS (NCN)**. HONDURAS: OCOTEPEQUE: El Portillo de Cerro Negro (15.350114°N, 88.633603°W; WGS84), 2100 m elev. 19 August 2008. James R. McCranie and Leonardo Valdés Orellana. Verified by Steve W. Gotte. USNM 573885–86). First records for Ocotepeque. The closest reported locality in Honduras is from ca. 70 km ESE at 18.1 km NW of La Esperanza, Intibucá (see map in McCranie and Wilson 1996. *Rev. Biol. Trop.* 44:259–264) and ca. 100 km W in Guatemala from near Potrero Carillo, Jalapa (Campbell and Camarillo 1994. *Herpetologica* 50:193–209). The lizards were active midday in rock crevices on a steep embankment above a trail in cutover broadleaf cloud forest.

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**ENYALIUS BIBRONII (NCN)**. BRAZIL: MINAS GERAIS: TAIOBEIRAS: 15.867°S, 42.132°W, SAD 69). 6 August 2003. R. N. Feio. Museu de Zoologia João Moojen, Universidade Federal de Viçosa, Viçosa, Minas Gerais, Brazil (MZUFV 409). JOAÍMA, Fazenda Ramaiana: 16.708°S, 40.816°W. 26 April 2001. R. N. Feio. MZUFV 307. CRISTÁLIA: 16.749°S, 42.834°W. 1 December 1989. MZUFV 251. BERILO: 16.951°S, 42.463°W. 9 January 1989. MZUFV 249. All verified by M. Trefaut Rodrigues. This species is known to occur in relictuall forests of northeastern Brazil, from Ubajara (3.854°S, 40.921°W), state of Ceará to the north, southward to Montezuma, state of Minas Gerais (15.172°S, 42.4973°W) (Jackson 1978. *Arq. Zool.* 30[1]:1–79; Gogliath et al. 2010. *Check List* 6[4]:652–654). All new localities are farther south than the previous southernmost records, now updated to Berilo municipality, ca. 195 km straight-line S from Montezuma. Specimens reported here were collected inside forested areas in the Atlantic Forest (MZUFV 307) and ecotonal zones between the Atlantic Forest and the Cerrado morphoclimatic domains (MZUFV 251, 249, and 409).

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**HEMIDACTYLUS BROOKII (NCN)**. HONDURAS: ISLA DEL CISNE: Isla Grande (17.4059°N, 83.9421°W; WGS 84), 12 m elev. 28 April, 5 May 2007, respectively. Jorge A. Ferrari. Verified by Konrad Klemmer. Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (SMF 90456–57). First records for Isla del Cisne (Powell and Maxey 1990. *Cat. Amer. Amphib. Rept.* 493.1–493.2). SMF 90456 was caught at night on the walls of a house; SMF 90457 was encountered on a stack of old wood panels.

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**HEMIDACTYLUS FLAVIVIRIDIS (Yellow-green House Gecko)**. INDIA: NAGALAND: Kohima (25.6685°N, 94.1056°E, 1432 m elev.). Arya Vidyapeeth Collage Zoological Museum (AVC A1047). 24 September 2010. Verified by S. Sengupta. First record for Nagaland. In India, distributed throughout northern India and westwards but not extending to east of Bengal (Smith 1935. *The Fauna of British India, Ceylon and Burma, Including the Whole of the Indo-Chinese Region*. Vol. III. Sauria. Taylor & Francis, London. xiii + 440 pp. + 1 pl.). Recent record from Manipur (Harit 2007. *Cobra* 1[4]:30–32) and Assam (Purkayastha and Das 2009. *Herpetol. Rev.* 40:451–452), with an assumption of anthropogenic introduction. Observed in a market place, again pointing to a probable human-mediated introduction. Not included in Dasgupta and Raha (2006. *Reptilia*. In J. R. B. Alfred [ed.], *Fauna of Nagaland*, pp. 433–460. State Fauna Series 12. Zoological Survey of India, Kolkata) indicates a recent introduction. Thanks are due to Kaushik Deuti, ZSI, Kolkata, and Arunabha Bhattacharjee, ZSI, Shillong, for literature support.

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**HEMIDACTYLUS FRENATUS (Common House Gecko)**. MÉXICO: BAJA CALIFORNIA SUR: MUNICIPALITY OF MULEGÉ: Santa Rosalía, Hotel El Morro (27.19580°N, 112.14994°W; WGS84), 15 m elev. 25 May 2010. J. B. Granados. Verified by Patricia Galina. Herpetological collection, Centro de Investigaciones Biológicas del Noroeste, La Paz, Baja California Sur, México (CIBNOR 1306–1307). First records for the municipality, extending the known range of this exotic species 197 km N of Loreto (Grismer 2002. *Amphibians and Reptiles of Baja California: Including Its Pacific Islands and the Islands in the Sea of Cortez*. Univ. of California Press, Berkeley, California. xiv + 399 pp.). Both lizards were collected at night on the hotel wall, along with observing more than 20 other adults, thus indicating a well-established population.

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**HEMIDACTYLUS FRENATUS (Common House Gecko)**. HONDURAS: VALLE: Amapala, Isla del Tigre (13.2928°N, 87.6520°W; WGS84), 10 m elev. 14 July 2010. USNM 565827. Isla Exposición (13.3150°N, 87.6741°W; WGS84), 7 m elev. 15 July 2010. USNM 565828–29. Alexander Gutsche, James R. McCranie, and Leonardo Valdés Orellana. All verified by George Zug. First records for Valle. The closest known locality is ca. 50 km E at Choluteca, Choluteca (USNM 570129). USNM 565828–29 were collected midmorning under discarded roof tiles in beach area vegetation, and USNM 565827 was active at night on a hotel wall; many others were observed at both localities. Fieldwork of A. Gutsche was supported by the Adolf and Hildegard Isler Foundation.

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