

those ca. 55 km SE in extreme eastern Veraguas Province (Köhler 2008. Reptiles of Central America, 2nd ed. Herpeton, Verlag Elke Köhler, Offenbach, Germany. 400 pp.). The juvenile lizard was found at night on a sandy riverbank under leaf litter; the presence of adult specimens was confirmed by visual observations along the San Pablo River. This project was conducted under a scientific permit (SE/A-26-13) provided by the Panamanian National Authority for the Environment (ANAM).

ERIC ENRIQUE FLORES, Friends of Santa Fe National Park (AMIPARQUE), and Panama Wildlife Conservation, Apartado 0923-00126, Veraguas, Panama (e-mail: sailax1@gmail.com); **VÍCTOR BRAVO**, University of Panama, School of Biology, Panama City, Panama (e-mail: bravovictor50@yahoo.com); **ANEL RIOS**, Community of Las Trancas, Cañazas District, Veraguas, Panama.

OPHISAURUS ATTENUATUS (Slender Glass Lizard). USA: FLORIDA: CLAY Co.: Middleburg, at Jennings State Forest Headquarters, near the end of Long Horn Road (30.128692°N, 81.964958°W; WGS84; elev. 35 m). 19 November 2013. Elizabeth A. Smith. Verified by Kevin M. Enge. Florida Museum of Natural History (photographic voucher UF-Herpetology 172086). New county record (Krysko et al. 2011. Atlas of Amphibians and Reptiles in Florida. Final report, Project Agreement 08013, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, Tallahassee. 524 pp.). The lizard was found in sandhill habitat. It was first seen on a sidewalk between the two buildings. It then crawled into mulched vegetation and disappeared underground.

BRIAN J. CAMPOSANO (e-mail: brian.camposano@freshfromflorida.com) and **ELIZABETH A. SMITH**, Florida Forest Service, Jennings State Forest, 1337 Long Horn Road, Middleburg, Florida 32068, USA (e-mail: elizabeth.smith@freshfromflorida.com).

PHRYNOSOMA BRACONNIERI (Short-tailed Horned Lizard). MÉXICO: GUERRERO: MUNICIPALITY OF OLINALA: Xixila (17.993334°N, 98.850278°W; WGS84), 1535 m elev. 15 October 2011. Víctor Hugo Jiménez Arcos, Salomón Sanabria Urban, and Eric Centenero Alcalá. Verified by Luis Canseco Márquez. IBH-RF 53. First record for Guerrero, extending the known range of the species ca. 70 km SW from Tehuiztzingo, Puebla (García-Vázquez et al. 2005. Publ. Soc. Herpetol. Mex. 1:152–169). The lizard was found active on the ground in oak forest.

VÍCTOR H. JIMÉNEZ-ARCOS, Laboratorio de Ecología, Unidad de Biotecnología y Prototipos, FES Iztacala, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Av. De los Barrios S/N, Los Reyes Iztacala, Tlalnepantla, México, C.P. 54090 (e-mail: biol.victor.jimenez@gmail.com); **ERIC CENTENERO-ALCALÁ** and **EDMUNDO PEREZ-RAMOS**, Museo de Zoología, Facultad de Ciencias, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, A.P. 70-399, México; **SAMUEL A. SANTA CRUZ-PADILLA**, Naturam Sequi A.C. 16 de Septiembre #43, Col. Cd. de los Niños, Naucalpan de Juárez, Edo. de México C.P. 53450.

PHYLLODACTYLUS DAVISI (Davis's Leaf-toed Gecko). MÉXICO: COLIMA: MUNICIPALITY OF MANZANILLO: Hwy 200 from Manzanillo to Cihuatlán (19.1366°N, 104.3382°W; WGS84), 41 m elev. 20 September 2006. F. R. Méndez-de la Cruz, A. H. Díaz de la Vega-Pérez, and R. A. Lara-Resendiz. Verified by Christopher Blair. ROM 46394–46396. First report of this species since it was described by Dixon (1964. New Mexico State Univ. Res. Cent. Sci. Bull. 61-1: i–iv, 1–139), who considered the species as occurring in coastal lowlands of Colima and Michoacán, and removed it from *P. lanei* as treated in part by Duellman (1958. Occ. Pap. Mus. Zool. Univ. Michigan [589]:1–22). Murphy et al. (2009. S. Am. J. Herpetol. 4:17–24) recognized *P. davisii*, but added no new information on

its distribution. The new record reported herein indicates that more searches for this species are needed from within its purported range (Dixon 1964, *op. cit.*) to assess its present distribution. Collections were made under a permit issued by SEMARNAT (# 03489/07).

FAUSTO R. MÉNDEZ-DE LA CRUZ, Laboratorio de Herpetología, Departamento de Zoología, Instituto de Biología, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, AP 70515, CP 04510, México, D.F. (e-mail: faustor@ib.unam.mx); **ANÍBAL H. DÍAZ DE LA VEGA-PÉREZ** (e-mail: ahelios@ib.unam.mx) and **RAFAEL A. LARA-RESENDIZ** (e-mail: rlara@ib.unam.mx), Posgrado en Ciencias Biológicas, Instituto de Biología, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, AP 70515, CP 04510, México, D.F.

PLESTIODON FASCIATUS (Common Five-lined Skink). USA: INDIANA: HAMILTON Co.: Delaware Township, Conner Prairie Interactive History Park (39.989073°N, 86.033413°W; WGS 84). 8 June 2013. Robert Brodman, Michael S. Finkler, James Horton, Megan Gramhofer, and Anastasia Marsh. Verified by Alan Retsetar. Indiana State Museum (INSM 71.2013.129). New county record (Minton 2001. Amphibians & Reptiles of Indiana, 2nd ed. Indiana Academy of Science, Indianapolis. 404 pp.). Extends range 13 km N from Marion Co. and fills gap in distribution in north-central Indiana. Known from two of six adjacent counties.

ROBERT BRODMAN (e-mail: bobb@saintjoe.edu), **MEGAN GRAMHOFER** and **ANASTASIA MARSH**, Biology Department, Saint Joseph's College, Rensselaer, Indiana 47978, USA; **MICHAEL S. FINKLER**, School of Sciences, Indiana University Kokomo, PO Box 9003, Kokomo, Indiana 46904-9003, USA (e-mail: mfinkler@iuk.edu); **JAMES HORTON**, 10 Catalina Circle, Zionsville, Indiana 46077, USA (e-mail: stardali84@hotmail.com).

SCOLOPORUS UNDULATUS (Eastern Fence Lizard). USA: ALABAMA: BULLOCK Co.: The Wehle Tract, 7 km W of Comer (32.02932°N 85.45753°W; WGS 84). 11 March 2014. C. Thawley and F. Graves. Verified by David Laurencio, AUM AHAP-D 784 (digital photograph file). New county record (Mount 1975. The Reptiles and Amphibians of Alabama. Auburn Printing Co., Auburn, Alabama. 347 pp.). This record fills a distributional gap between the nearest vouchered localities approximately 7 km SSE in Barbour Co. and 32 km NNW in Macon Co.

CHRISTOPHER J. THAWLEY, Department of Biology, Pennsylvania State University, 208 Mueller Laboratory, University Park, Pennsylvania 16802, USA (e-mail: cthawley@gmail.com); **FERN GRAVES**, School of Forestry and Wildlife Sciences, Auburn University, Auburn, Alabama 36849, USA (e-mail: fbg0002@auburn.edu).

SCOLOPORUS UNDULATUS (Eastern Fence Lizard). USA: GEORGIA: LAMAR Co.: 432 Bush Road in Barnesville (33.033012°N, 84.089471°W; WGS 84). 13 April 2013. Laura A. West. Verified by Michael J. Bender. Gordon State College Collection of Vertebrates (GSC 049). New county record (Jensen et al. 2008. Amphibians and Reptiles of Georgia. University of Georgia Press, Athens, Georgia. 575 pp.). This species has been documented in three (Upson, Monroe, and Butts) of the five adjoining counties (Jensen et al. 2008, *op. cit.*). Lizard was killed and abandoned by a domestic cat and found in late afternoon with little external trauma other than a single puncture wound.

Specimen collected under Georgia Department of Natural Resources Scientific Collecting Permit (29-WJH-13-126, CN 25018).

LAURA A. WEST (e-mail: lw125587@gordonstate.edu) and **GREGORY D. HARTMAN**, Gordon State College, Barnesville, Georgia 30204, USA (e-mail: ghartman@gordonstate.edu).